

2025-2026

The community of scholars at the University of South Carolina is dedicated to personal and academic excellence. Choosing to join the community obligates each member to the Carolinian Creed. Academic dialogue and civil discourse are the cornerstones of the educational system and crucial to individual growth. Students are encouraged to practice personal and academic integrity, respect the rights and dignity of all persons, respect the rights and property of others, discourage bigotry, while striving to learn from differences in people, ideas, and opinions, and demonstrate concern for others, their feelings, and their need for conditions which support their work and development.

1.0 Admission and Orientation

1.01 ADMISSION. Your admission as a degree applicant has been based on your previous college work, together with letters of recommendation and research experience. In a few instances, students are admitted as "non-degree" candidates. This category is used when a student does not present all the credentials needed for admission to a degree program but can benefit from our graduate program. Non-degree students may become degree candidates when their credentials are complete, and they demonstrate capability to do successful graduate work for one or more semesters.

1.02 ORIENTATION. There will be an orientation session for all new graduate students.

1.03 PLACEMENT EXAMINATIONS. A series of examinations that serve both as advisory (to indicate your level of accomplishments) and qualifying examinations (to satisfy degree requirements) will be given to all new graduate students at the time scheduled on the Orientation calendar. These examinations will be given in the areas of analytical, biochemistry, inorganic, organic, and physical chemistry. You are expected to select and take at least two examinations. Calculators are welcome. A non-qualifying score is not counted against you in any way but a good performance on any of these examinations will qualify you in that area and, thus, place you further along in your graduate studies. See Section 4.00 regarding this point.

1.04 GRADUATE ADVISER. Dr. Sheryl L. Wiskur, Director of Graduate Studies, will act as your adviser in conjunction with the Admissions Committee. After you choose a research director, he or she will advise you on your academic program and registration.

1.05 ADVISING AND COURSE ASSIGNMENT. After you complete the placement examinations, you will meet with the Director of Graduate Studies to review preliminary registrations and a course of study designed to qualify you for the degree, and to prepare you for research. You are required to qualify in two areas of chemistry, accomplished either by (1) scoring sufficiently high on the qualifying examination or (2) by passing a "core course" with a B or better (see 4.03) in the area. You may sit in or audit courses in an area to review, supplement or develop new basic concepts if your background is deficient.

1.06 REGISTRATION. First year students and continuing students register via <https://my.sc.edu/>. First year students will register after orientation. Continuing students will

register during the preceding semester. First year students will carry three academic courses (9 credits) during the first semester and two academic courses (6 or 7 credits) during the second semester. After completing the first two semesters, you must register for three credits in each summer session and for six credits in each academic year session until you graduate. You must register in each session in which you are in residence including summer to receive a stipend. Registering for less than the recommended number of credits (or not registering at all) may result in loss or reduction of the departmental tuition supplement.

1.07 THE HONOR SYSTEM. We expect all of our graduate students not only to do their own work but also to report to the appropriate staff member any violations by others. Any graduate student guilty of a violation of these honor principles may be asked to leave. Honor, ethics, and integrity are acutely important in the laboratory. Fraudulent data and any plagiarized material taken from the internet or other sources is likely to result in dismissal, retraction of publications and reexamination of degree(s) awarded.

From the University of South Carolina Honor Code: The Honor Code is a set of principles established by the University to promote honesty and integrity in all aspects of the campus culture. It is the responsibility of every student at the University of South Carolina to adhere steadfastly to truthfulness and to avoid dishonesty in connection with any academic program. A student who violates, or assists another in violating the Honor Code, will be subject to university sanctions.

Please print this page, sign, date and turn it into the Graduate Office.

Print Name

Your Signature

Date

2.0 Facilities

2.01 FACILITIES. The Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry occupies the entire John M. Palms Graduate Science Research Center (GSRC). In addition, there are some chemistry laboratories and offices in Jones Physical Sciences Center (Jones PSC), Sumwalt (SMWALT), and Horizon I (HORIZN). Teaching labs and some classrooms are in the Science and Technology Building (STB). This [map link](#) can help you locate buildings.

2.02 LIBRARY. The University's Library holdings are housed in the Thomas Cooper Library (opened June 1976), a seven-story library building that is a short walk from GRSC. The collection in the science, engineering, pharmacy, and related fields is primarily located in the Science Library, which constitutes the entire Lower Level 4 of the Thomas Cooper Library. There are some additional holdings on the Mezzanine level of the library. The library is open 24 hours to students, faculty, and staff with a valid Carolina Card. The Science Librarian oversees the science level (Level 4), which is staffed by three assistant science librarians and several student assistants, who are ready to help you at any time. There are over three million volumes in the Thomas Cooper Library. They subscribe to about 30,000 journals either in print, online or both. The library also offers help in the form of research consultations and workshops, [Scan and Deliver](#), interlibrary loan of books, the online Ask A Librarian service, and many other services. For more information, go to library.sc.edu or call 803-777-4866. You can also access the catalog online at www.sc.edu/libraries. Also, the medical school library has many volumes of special interest to biochemists (<https://uscmcd.sc.libguides.com/>). It is located at the USC Medical School near the VA hospital. Please see their website for hours of operation.

2.03 SAFETY AND HOUSEKEEPING. The Department is quite proud of the fine research and teaching facilities available in GSRC, Horizon, Jones, Sumwalt, and the Science and Technology Building, and urgently solicits your cooperation in their proper use and maintenance. Specifically, we ask that you observe the following general guidelines:

- (a) Safety glasses are necessary whenever and wherever experimental work is conducted. Teaching assistants must wear them when supervising undergraduate laboratories, and it is required that all students in their laboratory sections do so as well. Safety glasses are available in the Stockroom and in the University Bookstore.
- (b) As a safety precaution no one is permitted in the departmental laboratories or stockrooms without proper shoes. Teaching assistants are expected to enforce this policy in their undergraduate laboratory sections.
- (c) Before you leave any experiment to operate unattended, please make sure that it does not constitute a possible fire or flood hazard. Specifically, if flammable solvents are involved it should be left in a closed hood. If this is not possible, check all joints to see that they are vapor tight. If running water is involved, make sure that all tubing is in good condition, that all connections are tight (preferably wired) and that all connecting troughs and/or sinks are free of any debris (corks, Kimwipes, etc.) which could clog the drain. We have had several floods and fires caused by failure to observe simple precautions.

(d) The Department is equipped with both explosion-proof and non-explosion proof refrigerators. The latter are clearly marked and are not to be used for the storage of any chemicals in open containers. In addition, food is not to be stored in any refrigerators that are used for the storage of chemicals.

(e) No one will be allowed to handle or work with radioactive isotopes or around potentially dangerous sources of radiation, e.g., X-ray, microwave, laser, until he or she has been thoroughly instructed by the faculty member in charge on the proper safety precautions and procedures to be followed.

(f) The faculty member in charge of a laboratory should be informed immediately of any safety hazards or accidents. The Department Safety Committee should also be informed of all accidents that occur. Any complaints regarding potential safety hazards and any safety suggestions will be treated seriously and greatly appreciated. Emergency telephone numbers are posted beside every telephone in the Department.

Emergency: 911	Environmental Services: 7-2290	Health and Safety Services: 7-5269 (after hours – 7-4215)
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For your own protection and to encourage safe work habits, the Safety Committee of the Department working in conjunction with the Safety Officer of the University will make periodic unannounced inspections of offices and labs. On joining a research group, the first order of business is to study the group and/or departmental chemical hygiene and safety plan. The department's Chemical Hygiene Plan template is located on the website under the [Safety tab](#). Each research group has a safety officer that can guide you to correct protocols and standard operating procedures.

UNAUTHORIZED EXPERIMENTS. Experiments not directly related to your course work or research problem must be approved in writing (with a copy to the Assistant Chair) by your laboratory instructor or research director. Students who conduct unauthorized experiments will be denied access to the laboratories of the Department, will be refused chemicals or supplies from the Department stockroom and teaching assistants will be replaced.

All incoming graduate students are required to attend a short course on "Chemical hygiene/OSHA training" and "Hazardous Waste" scheduled during orientation.

2.04 STUDENT DESKS and CHAIRS. These items will be furnished to new graduate student assistants. After the selection of a research director, you will move to that professor's research area. We are generally not able to assign desks in the building for new students who are not graduate assistants.

2.05 KEYS AND BUILDING CARD ACCESS. Keys to the labs and offices are available from the main chemistry office in Room 113 and will be issued as needed to graduate students. Building card access will be assigned based on need to access particular buildings. You will need to have your Carolina card to access buildings after hours.

2.06 MAIL. Students will have a mailbox in GSRC for University business only. Outgoing mail may be placed in the basket in the Department Office mail room. Pick-ups and deliveries are twice a day. Please do not have personal mail or packages delivered to the Department.

2.07 BULLETIN BOARD. The bulletin board in the student mailroom is reserved for notices of particular interest to graduate students. To avoid cluttering, we ask that all notices on this board be posted by the Chem/Biochem. Dept. Office only. Please check this bulletin board frequently.

3.0 Financial Support

3.01 FEES. Most graduate students in the Department receive a stipend from funds administered by the University. This support may be in the form of teaching assistantships, research assistantships, fellowships, or scholarships. Students pay any fees other than tuition (e.g. health center, technology, etc.). To receive the tuition supplement (tuition is paid out of departmental or grant funds), you must register for a course load of nine credit hours for the first academic semester and six credit hours each academic semester (Fall or Spring) thereafter. You must also register for three credit hours each summer session. Any additional fees must be paid at the time of registration, but they can be payroll deducted. Student activity cards for admission to athletic events can be purchased at registration. You must participate in the group medical insurance plan unless you have equal or better coverage. The student health center reviews alternate coverage and awards waivers to those who can prove they have comparable or better coverage. The cost of health insurance and health center access is covered by the college and university supplements. Injuries arising during official duties are covered by workmen's compensation. Graduate assistants are paid semimonthly by check. Federal and state income taxes will be deducted from these checks. The University requires direct deposit of your paycheck to your financial institution.

3.02 TEACHING ASSISTANTSHIPS (GIA). A teaching assistantship provides training in the fundamentals of chemistry and experience in leading a class of students. The experience is especially valuable for students who will eventually seek academic appointments. Teaching assistants devote 20 hours per week toward the supervision and operation of our undergraduate laboratory and/or recitation sections. A portion of the teaching assistant assignment in most courses is to assist in grading and recording grades for quizzes, final exams and homework, as may be required by the staff member in charge. In addition, as a TA you may be required to attend briefing sessions, and you may be required to attend the lectures in the course. You should bear in mind that attendance at these briefing sessions and course lectures is an essential part of your duties. *Teaching assistants who fail to satisfactorily fulfill the responsibilities assigned them may have their appointments revoked.*

During a semester, illness or other conflicts may require a substitute for your teaching assignment. It is your responsibility to see that your assignment is met. Often you can arrange with other TAs that have similar assignments to trade sections to remedy a short-term conflict. You should always keep your teaching mentor/advisor informed of any changes. Please be aware that if the Department must pay someone to replace you, then your stipend will be reduced by that amount.

The teaching assistantship serves a second purpose, providing financial support for students to pursue their research. *Unsatisfactory progress on research may result in the cancellation of the teaching assistantship.*

3.03 JOSEPH W. BOUKNIGHT GRADUATE TEACHING AWARDS. Since 1973, the Department has been fortunate in being able to recognize outstanding teaching on the part of graduate assistants through these Graduate Teaching Awards, named in honor of Professor Emeritus Joseph Ward Bouknight. There are 6 awards given for the spring and fall semesters in the amount of \$250 each.

3.04 RESEARCH ASSISTANTSHIPS (GRA). Research assistantships are awarded based on good academic standing, experience and interest in the research problems for which assistantship funds are available. The stipends are comparable to those of teaching assistantships. Research assistantships are awarded on the recommendation of the individual faculty member responsible for the funds involved. The duties and hours are those set by the supervising faculty member.

3.05 FELLOWSHIPS, SCHOLARSHIPS AND OTHER SUPPORT. Fellowships and scholarships are sometimes available from industrial, government, and private sources. These may be allocated by the Department; they may be awarded competitively on an inter-departmental basis by the University, or they may be national. The Department will attempt to inform you of all such support available and will be glad to assist qualified people in applying.

Circumstances may dictate additional course work and/or timetable alterations in the program of study for students with special fellowships or for part-time students. The Graduate Director, in consultation with the students' advisor and committee, may alter deadlines to suit these circumstances. Changes in other basic requirements or relief from specific regulations are addressed through petitions to the faculty by way of the Candidacy and Petitions Committee.

3.06 CONTINUING APPOINTMENTS. After an assistantship or fellowship has been awarded, you may normally expect continued support during the period of your graduate study including summer support. **This support is contingent upon satisfactory performance of the duties of the assistantship, normal progress towards a degree, and satisfactory academic performance.**

After the first semester. If the Departmental Grade Point Ratio (section 4.02) is below 2.66 for three chemistry courses (DGPR, see Section 4.02) at the end of your first semester, you will not be supported the following semester. If two chemistry courses are completed in the first semester the minimum DGPR for continued support is 3.0.

After two semesters. A DGPR of 3.00 is required for continuance in a degree program and for continued support after two semesters. The 3.00 DGPR regulation is in effect even if petitions allow postponement of course work beyond the second semester.

We do not support students in the M.A.T. or I.M.A. degree program.

3.07 LIMIT ON SUPPORT. No graduate student will be supported on teaching or research assistantships longer than five years for a Ph.D. degree. Candidates for the M.S. degree will not be supported after the first semester of the third year of attendance (2 years and one semester). Students who have not been admitted to Ph.D. candidacy by the end of the first semester of their third year will not be supported.

3.08 OUTSIDE WORK. You are expected to devote full time to your assistantship duties and graduate studies; therefore, outside employment is not permitted. Assistants may accept fees for tutoring undergraduate students. However, no graduate assistant may accept a fee from any student during a semester when he or she has any responsibility for that student's grade in a course or laboratory.

3.09 WORK DURING UNIVERSITY RECESSES. Teaching duties normally begin with the general meeting of teaching assistants at the start of each term and end when laboratories have been checked out, the final examination in the course to which they are assigned has been graded, and the student has been released by his or her faculty supervisor. Even when teaching duties have been completed, students should check with their research advisor before making vacation plans. Students being paid entirely or in part from grants to individual faculty members must work out schedules with their research director.

4.0 Regulations and Degree Requirements

4.01 GRADES. Except for thesis and dissertation courses, letter grades are awarded for courses; A, B+, B, C+, and C are passing grades, while D+, D and F are not passing grades in the Graduate School. Graduate credit may be earned with a grade of C, but a graduate degree cannot be awarded unless the student has an overall average of B and a B average on all 700- and 800-level courses. According to the Graduate School regulations, grades below B in as many as twelve semester hours of work will disqualify a student for a graduate degree. (Note that A = 4.00, B+ = 3.50, B = 3.00, C+ = 2.50, etc.) (Section 3.07)

4.02 DEPARTMENTAL GRADE POINT RATIO. The Department finds it convenient to compute a Departmental Grade Point Ratio (DGPR) to aid in the evaluation of your performance. This differs from the official University Grade Point Ratio in that the DGPR includes the graduate courses that you are required to take by the Department, both within or outside the Department, but does not include grades on research, thesis, seminar and dissertation (701, 790, 791, 898, 899).

4.03 QUALIFYING FOR THE PH.D. AND/OR M.S. DEGREES. A candidate for the M.S. or Ph.D. degree must qualify in two areas including his or her major. Paths to Qualification in an area include:

1. A satisfactory score on the placement/qualifying examination given upon entrance – or –
2. A grade of B or better in one of the area graduate core courses.

Entering students must attempt at least two qualifying exams to be permitted to register for classes and to be assigned a teaching assistant position. A student who does not qualify by the end of their second semester of the first year will be terminated.

4.04 CORE COURSES. The 700 level "core" courses are the courses that each division requires its students to take. A Ph.D. candidate must take all "core" courses in their major.¹ A list of graduate courses offered by the department with brief course descriptions can be found in Section 10.00.

Area	Core Courses ¹	Specialty Courses
Analytical Chemistry ²	721, 723, 724, 729 (Atmospheric)	
Biochemistry	751, 753	752, 759
Inorganic Chemistry	711, 712, 713	719
Organic Chemistry	735, 736	739 (633)
Organic Chem. with a Polymer Focus ³	735, 731, 732, 733	739
Physical Chemistry ⁴	742, 743, 744, 747	745, 749

¹ In the event that a core course is not offered in a student's first year, the division will identify an appropriate substitute.

² Analytical majors are required to take three of the four Analytical core courses.

³ Organic Chemistry with a Polymer Focus majors are required to take three polymer core courses offered in their first two semesters. CHEM 731 and either 732 or 733 depending on what is offered in their second semester along with the CHEM 739 offered in their second semester.

⁴ Physical majors are required to take three physical chemistry core courses offered in their first two semesters.

4.05 COURSE REQUIREMENTS.

Ph.D. Requirements: A student in the Ph.D. program must pass at least five 700-level courses in the Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry during the first two semesters including at least three in their area and one or two in an area or areas outside their major. Courses numbered 701, 790, 791, 898, or 899 may not be used to meet these requirements. The Department may adjust course requirements for a student entering with prior graduate course work. With the approval of the student's Advisory Committee (4.07), the student may (a) take one specified 600- or 700-level course outside of the Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry from a list of preapproved courses maintained by the Admissions/Petitions Committee in place of one of the 700-level chemistry/biochemistry courses outside the student's primary area or (b) petition the Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry's Admissions/Petitions Committee for permission to substitute a course not on the preapproved list. The petition must be approved by the Admissions/Petitions Committee before registration for the course. The grade received in any course so substituted will be included in the computation of the DGPR. At the discretion of the Admissions/Petitions Committee and within the limitations prescribed by the Graduate School, courses taken at another University may be accepted to satisfy these requirements.

M.S. Requirements: A candidate for the M.S. degree must pass at least three 700-level courses in chemistry/biochemistry of which at least one must be in your major field and at least one in an area outside the major. Courses numbered 701, 790, 791, 898, or 899 may not be used to meet these requirements. Not more than 12 of these hours may be in courses in the 500 or 600 level. The Advisory Committee (4.07) may require other courses.

4.06 RESEARCH - CHOICE OF ADVISOR. The Ph.D. and the M.S. degrees are research-oriented degrees. Consistent with this concept is the fact that all other aspects of graduate work (courses, seminars, etc.) are geared towards research. To begin research, it is necessary to have approval and cooperation of a Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry Research Advisor. Beginning students should become familiar with the research in the Department and (1) are given the opportunity to do three lab rotations and (2) are required to discuss research with at least three faculty in the student's area of interest (analytical, biochemical, inorganic, organic, or physical). Faculty areas of research are detailed in section 9.02 and 11.00. Students are not restricted to one area and are encouraged to interview more than three faculty. The Faculty Research Seminar Series in late August/early September, which is required of all first-year graduate students, will be of great help in learning about faculty research programs.

Lab rotations will be three weeks long, and the nature of the rotation will be decided by the research advisor. Activities may include but are not limited to meeting with the professor to discuss research, attending group meetings, shadowing graduate students, performing experiments. After the conclusion of the faculty research seminars, the students will submit the lab rotation form (9.12) to choose four faculty members that they would like to do a rotation with. The students are not guaranteed a rotation in these labs. It will be based on availability of space and number of requests. The exact dates of the lab rotation will be communicated to the students during orientation.

Minimum interviewing must be completed by November 4 (March 1st, January entry) as evidenced by the interview form (section 9.03) turned into the Graduate Office. COMMITMENT DAY is November 4 for Fall entry (March 1st for January entry). This is the first day you can choose your research advisor. You must choose a chemistry research advisor by November 30 for Fall entry and May 1st for January entry. You are required to clear this choice with the Director of Graduate Studies on or after COMMITMENT DAY by turning in the Research Advisor Selection form 9.04 to the graduate office. (If any of these dates falls on a weekend, the date defaults to the next business day.) After selection of a research advisor/mentor, you should concentrate on research throughout the rest of your graduate program. This should be your greatest challenge and the focus of the major portion of your energy. Please note that to maintain graduate student support and for continuance in the program, you must have a chemistry research advisor and show progress toward the advanced degree.

4.07 RESEARCH ADVISOR AND DOCTORAL COMMITTEE. The faculty member who agrees to become your Research Advisor also becomes chairman of your Ph.D.-Doctoral Committee (Advisory Committee) for all actions except the PLAN, PROPOSAL and DISSERTATION defense. Your committee will be selected by you by the end of May (Dec for January entry), in consultation with your research advisor, and with the approval of the faculty members involved. The make-up of the doctoral committee should best match the student's research project in order to obtain direction and guidance. The Graduate Director reviews the committee selection and requests the Graduate School appoint the committee (via [G-DCA form](#)). The Doctoral Committee is charged with the responsibility of determining and monitoring your course program and your general progress throughout the remainder of your studies at USC. The Doctoral committee consists of at least four members: (i) the research advisor, (ii) two other faculty members in the Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry (one in and one outside the student's area), and (iii) one faculty member outside the Department. Your overall program progress should

be reviewed by the committee during or before the Research Plan (M.S. and Ph.D.) and Proposal (Ph.D.) oral examinations and a finalized Ph.D./M.S. program completed (sections 9.09 and 9.07, respectively) and submitted to the Director of Graduate Studies. The faculty member in your major area serves as chairman for the Research Plan, Proposal and Dissertation Defense examinations. Your advisor(s) serves as a faculty member in your major area for the Plan. At the discretion of the advisor, a committee meeting may be called in the 3rd and 4th year to review progress (see section 4.13). The Ph.D. Advisory Committee must meet and review progress toward the Ph.D. in the 5th year; committee input is required for any petitions to consider extension of support beyond the 5th year. After the Research Plan, an M.S. degree candidate's committee will be narrowed to consist of the advisor and customarily a faculty member in the student's major area.

Switching research advisor. You must have a chemistry research advisor and show progress towards a degree. If at any time an adviser chooses to abate their sponsorship of a student, the student will be given two weeks to select a new chemistry advisor before the Department terminates support and degree status.

The changing of research advisor is a very serious action. Recognizing that this occasionally occurs, strict protocols for changing groups have been developed to protect the interests of faculty and students. If you are contemplating a change, you should see the Director of Graduate Studies immediately. Improper conduct can endanger degree status.

4.08 DEGREE STATUS AT END OF YEAR ONE. At the end of the second semester of the first academic year, each beginning graduate student's work (courses and qualifying) will be evaluated. If you have a DGPR (4.02) of 3.0 or greater, are qualified in two areas (4.03) and have joined a research group (4.06) you are authorized to continue work towards an advanced degree. If not, you will be required to discontinue work towards an advanced degree.

4.09 CHEM 790 and 791. All graduate students, M.S. or Ph.D. candidates should take CHEM 790 (Introduction to Research) for credit during the third semester and CHEM 791 (Introduction to Research) for credit during the fourth semester. The grade submitted for these courses is assigned by your advisor based on research progress.

4.10 STUDENT RESEARCH PLANS, ORAL COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATIONS. In your 3rd semester, you must submit a copy of the final description of RESEARCH PROGRESS AND PLANS to the Director of Graduate Studies (i.e., the Graduate Office) and each of your committee members together with a date, time, and place (approved by your committee) for the oral presentation of the plan to your Advisory Committee (see next paragraph for scheduling). Use the "Plan" title page in the back of this handbook (section 9.05) as the cover page of the Plan. Your advisor must sign the title page before it is accepted by the Director of Graduate Studies. The PLAN shall serve as the ORAL COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION for the Ph.D. degree (i.e., this examination also satisfies the Graduate School requirement for a Comprehensive Assessment of Candidates for the M.S.). Thus, your full advisory committee (4.07) (or substitute members) must be present for the examination. The committee will question you on the (a) specific knowledge of the research project, (b) general knowledge of the research field and (c) research progress to date. Since this is a formal examination, it is prohibited for the student to bring food or drinks for the Advisory Committee.

Scheduling of the Plan: If the Plan semester occurs in the Fall, the Plan must be defended between the first day of the semester and November 15 and must be scheduled by September 15. If the Plan semester occurs in the Spring, the Plan must be defended between the first day of the semester and April 15 and must be scheduled by February 15. (If any of these dates falls on a weekend, the deadline is the next business day.) After you schedule the date and time of the plan defense with the committee members, notify the Director of Graduate Studies (**send the email to the Graduate Office not the graduate director**) of the defense date and time. You will turn in a final copy of your plan to the Director of Graduate Studies (this means the Graduate Office) and your doctoral committee *one week before the defense date*. Hardcopies of (1) the final Plan, (2) the Plan cover sheet with the top half filled out (title, submission date, advisor signature, and committee member names), and (3) a copy of your unofficial transcripts must be turned in to the Director of Graduate Studies (i.e. the Graduate office). You only need to submit a copy of the plan (email or hardcopy) to your doctoral committee. Ask which one they prefer.

You should consult your research advisor for overall content, emphasis, and scope of the Plan. You should follow the format described below, unless your division has specific guidelines that are different. Consult your research advisor for the format you will use. The written report should be more substantial than an outline and should employ standard ACS format for both the experimental section and references. The emphasis will be on what the proposed research will tell us about the nature of the physical universe, an understanding of the various techniques to be employed in attacking the problem, as well as research progress. The written Plan will include: (i) an overview of the area to be studied, a discussion of your own research accomplishments to date, plans for future research, key references (limit of ten double spaced pages not including references) and (ii) a detailed experimental section (no page limitation). You will present an oral summary of your research plans and progress to date to the Advisory Committee. The oral examination of (a) specific knowledge of the research project, (b) general knowledge of the research field and (c) research progress to date will follow your oral presentation. The questions of general knowledge of your research field will be based on material of the type presented in the graduate core courses of the major.

The committee will separately vote (pass or fail) on each of the three components of the written plan and its oral defense: (a) knowledge of the research plan, (b) general knowledge of the research field and (c) research progress to date. Passing requires a favorable three fourths vote of the committee in each case. Successful passing of all three components is required for you to move forward in the Ph.D. track. Passing only two of the three components of the Research Plan leads to a postponement of the Independent Research Proposal (4.11) until early in your fifth semester and to a re-defense of the part of the Research Plan not passed. The re-defense must take place during your fourth semester (either February 16 – March 15 or October). If you pass less than two of the three components of the original defense of the Research Plan or do not pass the repeated component in the re-defense of the Research Plan, you will be placed in the terminal M.S. degree category or, in extreme cases, terminated. The committee may also require you to take additional or remedial course work.

Whatever the outcome, you must provide a copy of the signed cover sheet and the final draft of the research plan to the graduate office to be placed in your departmental file.

After the Plan is successfully passed:

After successfully passing the Research Plan (i.e. a Full Pass), the committee will next consider issues of the timing, scope and research advisor involvement in the Independent Research Proposal (4.11). In each case, your research advisor will make a recommendation to the committee, which will then discuss and vote on the recommendation. These committee decisions should be noted on the cover page of the Plan (9.05). The committee will decide on the following:

1. Timing of the Proposal - Should you submit and defend the independent research proposal in your fourth or fifth semester?
2. Scope of the Proposal - The graduate handbook defines the independent research proposal (4.11) as “involving roughly three elements: (1) experimental or theoretical techniques, (2) classes of compounds to be studied, and (3) chemical or physical properties to be determined.” The committee makes the decision regarding the number of elements that can be the same or even similar to those employed or studied by the student in the course of the dissertation research or by others in the research group. They will choose between one or two elements being the same. At least one of the elements should be new or original. This means you will write an independent research proposal in which two of the three above elements are different from your own research – or in which one of the three elements is different. Note: The expectation that one of the elements should be new or original would not change.
3. Involvement of the Research Advisor in the Proposal Development - Should your research advisor be significantly, minimally, or not involved in developing the original idea into the submitted proposal?

4.11 PRE-PROPOSAL MEETING, INDEPENDENT RESEARCH PROPOSAL, AND RESEARCH PROGRESS UPDATE. The Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry uses the independent research proposal to fulfill the Graduate School's requirement of a written comprehensive examination for the Ph.D. degree. The proposal is due in the 4th or 5th semester (see end of section 4.10) and the submission of this requirement must be preceded by a PRE-PROPOSAL meeting (see below). Since this is a formal examination, it is prohibited for the student to bring food or drinks for the Advisory Committee.

Proposal: In your 4th or 5th semester (see end of section 4.10), you must submit to the Director of Graduate Studies (i.e., the Graduate Office) and the Advisory Committee copies of a final independent research proposal, together with a date, time, and place for the oral defense. It is your responsibility to arrange with the members of your PROPOSAL committee the time and place of the examination (see below). Use the "Proposal" title page in the back of this handbook (section 9.06) as the cover page of the PROPOSAL. The PROPOSAL serves as the WRITTEN COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION, which is a requirement of the Graduate School. Thus, your full advisory (doctoral) committee (4.07) (or substitute members) must be present for the defense.

Scheduling of the Proposal: If the Proposal semester occurs in the Spring, the Proposal must be defended between the first day of the semester and April 15, and must be scheduled by February 15. If the Proposal semester occurs in the Fall, the Proposal must be defended between the first

day of the semester and November 15, and must be scheduled by September 15. (If any of these dates fall on a weekend, the deadline is the next business day.) After you schedule the date and time of the proposal defense with the committee members, notify the Director of Graduate Studies (i.e., the Graduate Office) of the defense date and time. Make sure you allow adequate time for a pre-proposal meeting (see below). The final Proposal must be turned in to the Director of Graduate Studies (i.e., the Graduate Office) and the Advisory Committee one week prior to the defense date.

Pre-Proposal Meeting: Your Doctoral Committee is asked to advise you on the suitability of your choice of a topic for the research proposition. As soon as you have a good idea of what your proposal plan will be, your Doctoral committee should be apprised of the project. The Doctoral Committee will meet (PRE-PROPOSAL MEETING) for a short period of time while you briefly outline the proposal project. Because the pre-proposal meeting is an unofficial meeting of the committee, attendance by the outside of the department member is optional. Extended presentations or handouts are not advisable at this time. Each committee member is expected to recommend to either "proceed" or "look for a new topic" to the committee chairman. A recommendation to look for a new independent research proposal topic should in no way be construed as a failure and this recommendation carries no penalty. At the same time, you should be aware that advice to proceed with the proposed topic is no assurance that the exam will be passed or even that committee members consider the proposal to possess sufficient originality to merit a pass on the oral exam itself should the topic be competently developed and presented. Advice to proceed at this point simply means that there are no obvious conflicts with the proposal guidelines. If, at a later time, you find it necessary or desirable to change the thrust of the proposal, no new meetings or outlines are required unless you desire a recommendation from your committee on the change. However, you should be aware that the advice to proceed was based on the original outline. At this pre-proposal meeting, the advisor or committee may require a write-up of post-PLAN experimental progress that comes due at the proposal defense.

The Independent Research Proposal defense should include a brief review of post-RESEARCH PLAN research progress consisting of 4-6 figures, tables, etc. The summary of research progress will be an oral report (with slides) unless otherwise indicated at the pre-proposal meeting (above). The defense is open to other interested faculty members. A pass shall constitute a favorable vote of at least 75% of the PROPOSAL committee. Should you fail the initial oral proposal, you must present a second independent research proposal within 90 days of your first presentation. This proposal must be an entirely new idea unless otherwise specified by the Doctoral Committee. Should you fail this second examination, you are permanently disqualified for the Ph.D. degree. **If you fail the defense of the Independent Research Proposal you will be placed in the terminal M.S. degree category or, in extreme cases, consigned to non-degree status.** As noted in section 4.10, the Research Plan-Oral Comprehensive Exam satisfies the Graduate School requirement for a Comprehensive Assessment of Candidates for the M.S. In either proposal, the committee can delay a final decision on pass or fail and make specific recommendations that you must fulfill to the satisfaction of the committee within 20 days. (If the action of the committee at the end of this period is to fail for the first proposal attempt, you have 70 days to present the new proposal.)

The independent research proposal tests your ability to conceive and to critically evaluate a significant research question, to relate the questions to previous work, and to develop a practical plan designed to obtain information upon which an answer to the question may be based. The proposal also tests your ability to organize, present and defend your concept under the give-and-

take of a seminar situation. The research proposal will consist of (1) the conception of an idea, (2) the development of the idea and the written expression of the plan of the proposal, and (3) the oral defense of the idea. The oral defense of the idea should be considered the most important part of these three.

Proposals should consist of an in-depth analysis of the topic, including background material of a significant but previously uninvestigated or incompletely investigated chemical question along with a detailed plan for its investigation. The scope of the proposal should be roughly between that of an M.S. Thesis and a Ph.D. Dissertation. To aid you as you prepare your oral research proposal, the following guidelines have been established by the Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry. The proposal can be thought of as involving roughly three elements: (1) experimental or theoretical techniques, (2) classes of compounds to be studied, and (3) chemical or physical properties to be determined. The student might wish to consider a fourth element: why is the proposed research important to science? Unless recommended otherwise by your committee after the Research Plan (see end of section 4.10, two of the three elements should be different than those employed or studied by the student in his or her dissertation research or by others in his or her research group. At least one of the elements should be new or original. The level of involvement of your research advisor will also have been determined during the discussion following the Research Plan (see end of section 4.10).

The written proposal should be no more than 10 pages double-spaced. You should follow the format described here, unless your division has specific guidelines that are different. Consult your research advisor for guidance on this. As a rough guide, it is recommended that the proposal have 2-4 typewritten pages of background material, 4-6 pages detailing the actual proposal and approximately one page of references, which do not count towards the page limit. The ACS Style guide for authors should be consulted for abbreviations, standard footnotes and reference format, etc.

Participation in an oral research proposal is open to all faculty, but the PROPOSAL Committee makes the final judgment as to its acceptance. When the proposal is passed, you are eligible for admission to Ph.D. candidacy (4.12) once the research advisor verifies that research is progressing well.

4.12 ADMISSION TO DEGREE CANDIDACY. Upon successful completion of the independent research proposal (section 4.11) the Department will consider admission to Ph.D. degree candidacy. This decision is based upon your research and academic progress and a recommendation from your research advisor. Students who have not demonstrated the ability to pursue a research program may be left in provisional Ph.D. degree candidacy. The Graduate School requires a grade point ratio of 3.0 or better for admission to candidacy for the M.S. or Ph.D. degrees. Ph.D. degree seeking students should register for CHEM 899 (at least 12 credits of CHEM 899, but not more than 30, must have been taken by the time of Graduation). M.S. students should register for CHEM 898. If you have not been admitted to Ph.D. degree candidacy by the end of the 5th semester (excluding summer sessions), you will be placed in the M.S. degree program and the 2-year 1-semester support limitation (section 3.07) applies. A petition to the Petitions Committee is then required for nomination to Ph.D. candidacy.

Admission to Ph.D. degree candidacy. In summary, admission to Ph.D. candidacy results from successful completion of (a) the Research Plan (4.10), (b) the Research Proposal (4.11) and (c) a short recommendation from your advisor indicating that research is progressing well. A Doctoral Program of Study ([DPOS](#)) must also be prepared and submitted to the Graduate School as part of this process.

Admission to M.S. degree candidacy. For a student pursuing a Master's degree, the M.S. candidacy recommendation can be considered after passing the research plan at the M.S. level (section 4.10). As with Ph.D. candidacy, this decision is based upon your research and academic progress and a recommendation from your research advisor. A Masters Program of Study ([MPOS](#)) must also be prepared and submitted to the Graduate School as part of this process.

4.13 ANNUAL COMMITTEE MEETING OF THE STUDENT AND THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Fourth Year. During the first month of your fourth year, the Graduate Director will contact each student and their advisor and ask them whether research is proceeding well for graduation in less than five years. If either you or your advisor indicates that there are any problems or that they wish to have a committee meeting, a meeting will be scheduled by the student to discuss the problems.

Fifth year. By the end of the second month of your fifth year (i.e., October 15 or March 1), in consultation with your research advisor, you will produce a thesis outline and an approximate (target) defense date. This information will be submitted to the chair of your advisory committee by the indicated date. The committee chair will examine the thesis outline and target defense date. If problems are identified or if either you or your advisor wishes to have an advisory committee meeting, you will schedule a meeting to discuss the problems. The chair of the committee will report the result of the process to the Graduate Director.

4.14 GRADUATE STUDENT SEMINARS. You are required to participate in Graduate Student Seminars, which are handled at the divisional level. Participation is defined as attendance and discussion as well as presentation.

1. First Seminar. You will register for and present one seminar before the end of your second year. You are encouraged to present your first seminar in your first year.

2. Second Seminar. For Ph.D. candidates, a second seminar is to be presented before the end of your third year. Except for Physical Chemistry students who will give their seminar in the spring of their fourth year.

Grades for student seminars will be assigned by the divisional faculty seminar chairman who will also review your performance with you after your talk. Students who present seminars are required to furnish all faculty and graduate students with an outline well before the date of the presentations. The Faculty Chairman of the divisional seminar should be consulted on selection of a topic and form for the outline.

3. Ph.D. Defense Seminar. In addition, each Ph.D. candidate will present a public seminar describing his or her dissertation research immediately before the defense of the dissertation with

the full examining doctoral committee present. The abstract announcing it should be submitted electronically to the Graduate Office at least one week in advance.

Faculty Research Seminars. All first-year graduate students entering in the Fall are required to attend the Faculty Research Seminar Series. In these seminars, general regulations and policies of the department and the Graduate School will be discussed and the members of the faculty will review their areas of research. Attendance is compulsory.

4.15 SEMINARS WITH INVITED SPEAKERS. On a regular and frequent basis seminars are given by invited speakers who represent research efforts in all fields of chemistry and biochemistry. The University of South Carolina has been fortunate in having many of the world's leading chemists and biochemists present seminars here over the last few years. You are expected to regularly attend these seminars because the overall program constitutes an effective means for exposure to work and people outside and inside your immediate research area.

4.16 FOREIGN LANGUAGES. There are no specific language requirements for the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees. The Department of Foreign Language offers intensive reading courses that may be helpful for your research program.

4.17 M.S. THESIS AND PH.D. DISSERTATIONS. Candidates for the M.S. degree must present a thesis that embodies the results and interpretation of original research. Both your Research Advisor and the Second Reader must approve the thesis. The Second Reader is customarily a faculty member in the same area selected by you or your advisor. The thesis must be given to the Research Advisor and the Second reader at least one week before signatures are needed.

The heart of the Ph.D. degree is the dissertation, which is the culmination of an original investigation resulting in a real contribution of knowledge. The dissertation must be given to your committee at least one week before your oral examination.

The thesis and dissertation must go through a format check through the Graduate School office early in the semester you are going to graduate. You can find information concerning requirements of format, style, deadlines, etc on their website, as well as the format check submission link. (www.gradschool.sc.edu)

4.18 DEFENSE OF DISSERTATION. After the dissertation has been completed and approved by the Research Advisor, as a candidate for the Ph.D., you will present a dissertation seminar to the faculty and defend your dissertation by an oral examination before your Doctoral Examination Committee (which has the same composition as the Doctoral Advisory Committee, section 4.07) and any interested faculty members. This defense is a final opportunity to demonstrate to the faculty that you have developed into a mature scientist worthy of respect and commendation.

No oral examination is required for the M.S. degree.

4.19 FINAL REQUIREMENTS AND FEES. Steps toward the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees are outlined in sections 5.00 and 6.00. Deadlines shown in these tables should be noted and the master

schedule on the Graduate School website should be consulted for specific dates. The advisor(s) pays for their bound copy of a dissertation.

4.20 PETITION AND APPEAL PROCEDURE. The Department's Admissions Committee functions as the Petitions Committee (Candidacy, Examination and Petitions Committee) for graduate student appeals or requests of temporary relief from a departmental academic regulation. Issues between the graduate student and advisor(s) are mediated by the Director of Graduate Studies but may be referred to the Petitions Committee for final resolution.

PROCEDURE: A written appeal or petition with appropriate supportive materials is submitted to the petitions committee *via* the Director of Graduate Studies, the Graduate Administrative Assistant or any committee member. The committee considers issues with input from the Director of Graduate Studies for students that do not have an advisor, the student's advisor, the student's Doctoral Advisory Committee and other relevant sources. The committee makes a judgment, which is communicated to the student, the student's advisor, and appropriate departmental personnel. Judgments are presented in the agenda of the next departmental meeting and may be discussed or modified. Reviewed judgments are put into action by the Department. Judgments are normally accepted by the faculty, but the petition committee's decision can be appealed directly to the faculty at a regular faculty meeting.

Petitions pertaining to course requirements must be submitted prior to registration for the course in question.

If a student loses support (section 3.07) or is disqualified from a degree program, the Petitions Committee considers a change of status having remedied the disqualifying factor(s).

Procedures for appeals and petitions relative to Graduate School regulations appear in the Graduate Studies Bulletin under Academic Regulations.

5.00 Check Points for the Master of Science Degree in Chemistry

	<u>Steps</u>	<u>Timing</u>	<u>Responsibility</u>
1.	Completion of placement/qualifying examinations	Immediately prior to first registration	Student (administered by the Department)
2.	Advisement (by appointment) to plan course of study	During registration period, 1 st semester	Student and Director of Graduate Studies
3.	Completion of Interviewing and Rotations	November 4 (March 1) of the first semester.	Student
4.	Choice of Research Advisor	After Nov. 4 (Mar. 1) but by Nov. 30 (May1)	Student, Faculty, Director of Graduate Studies
5.	Completion of Qualifying	End of 2nd semester if not completed earlier	Student (administered by the Department)
6.	Completion of course requirements	As soon as possible (normally done in 2 or 3 semesters)	Student
7.	Register for 898 for research	As needed starting summer of 1 st year until 30 credits reached	Student
8.	Research Plan and Oral Comprehensive. Register for CHEM 790	Plan Mid third semester	Student
9.	Filing M.S. Degree Program of Study (MPOS)	End of 3rd semester	Student and Research Adviser
10.	Recommendation for degree candidacy	End of 3rd semester	Chemistry Faculty
11.	Graduate Student Seminar	One by the end of 2nd year	Student & Division
12.	Register for CHEM 791	Fourth semester	Student
13.	Application for M.S. degree filed at Graduate School	By the end of 2nd year	Student
14.	1st draft of unbound thesis to the Graduate School	Deadline for a format check is early in the defending semester	Student
15.	Submit unbound, revised thesis with approval of Research Adviser, to the Second Reader	Allow at least one week for approval from advisor and reader.	Student & Research Advisor

16.	Complete required 30 credits of course work by taking 898	end of second summer	Student
16.	Final draft of unbound thesis to the Graduate School	About 1 month prior to date of graduation	Student
17.	Degree Awarded	Commencement	President of the University
19.	Exit Interview	After thesis completed	Student & Graduate Director

6.00 Check Points for the Doctor of Philosophy Degree in Chemistry

<u>Steps</u>	<u>Timing*</u>	<u>Responsibility</u>
1. Completion of placement qualifying examinations	Immediately prior to initial registration	Student (administered by the Department)
2. Consultation with Graduate Advisor for program planning	During registration period, and 1st semester	Student and Director of Graduate Studies
3. Completion of Interviewing and Rotations	November 4 (March 1) of the first semester.	Student
4. Choice of Research Advisor and Major	After Nov. 4 (Mar.1) but by Nov. 30 (May 1)	Student
5. Completion of Qualifying	End of 2 nd semester if not completed earlier	Student (administered by the Department)
6. Completion of course requirements	As soon as possible (normally done in 2 or 3 semesters)	Student
7.. Appointment of Ph.D. Advisory Committee	By the end of May (Dec with Jan. entry)	Student and Research Adviser
8. Register for 898 for research	Starting summer of 1 st year until the last year; when writing dissertation, take 899.	Student
9. Research Plan and Oral Comprehensive. Register for CHEM 790	Mid-3 rd semester	Student, defended in front of advisory committee
10. Graduate Student Seminars	One by the end of 2 nd year	Student & Divisional Seminar Chairman
11. Register for CHEM 791	Fourth semester	Student
12. Pre-Proposal meeting	Early 4 th or 5 th semester	Student with advisory committee
13. Research Proposal and Written Comprehensive	Mid-4 th or 5 th semester	Student, defended in front of advisory committee
14. Admission to Ph.D. degree candidacy	After passing Research Proposal	Research Advisor and Director of Graduate Studies
15. Ph.D. Program of Study (DPOS) approved by	In conjunction with admission to Ph.D. candidacy	Student, Research Advisor, and Director of Graduate Studies

Advisory Committee and filed with Graduate Office		
16. Graduate Student Seminars	Second by the end of 3 rd year	Student & Divisional Seminar Chairman
17. Completion of planned course of study	As soon as possible	Student
18. Complete required 60 credits of course work by taking 898 & 899. At least 12, but not more than 30, credits of 899 is required.		Student
19. Completion of dissertation	As soon as possible (the average student reaches this point within four 1/2 years!)	Student
20. Apply for graduation on my.sc.edu; records check of all degree requirements.	On or before fifteen class days after the beginning of the semester	Student
21. First draft of dissertation to Research Adviser	About eight weeks before the dissertation is due in Graduate School Office	Student
22. Appointment of examining committee by Dean of the Graduate School, usually identical with Advisory Committee	As soon as practical	Research Advisor and Director of Graduate Studies
23. Submit unbound, revised dissertation with approval of Research Adviser, to the Examining Committee	Allow at least one week for committee approval	Student & Research Advisor
24. Dissertation Seminar	Immediately preceding the dissertation defense	Student & Examining Committee
25. Defense of Dissertation Examination; obtain signature of committee on dissertation approval page.	About 1 month prior to date of graduation	Research Advisor, Examining Committee and Graduate Director
26. Make necessary corrections of dissertation; upload dissertation to UMI, submit 350 or less word abstract, at	See University Calendar	Student

Graduate School Office. Be sure to check that all final fees are paid.

- | | | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 27. Degree Awarded | Commencement | President of the University |
| 28. Exit Interview and binding of work | After dissertation completed | Student & Graduate Director |

*Timing is based on a Fall entry, January entry has similar due dates noted in parentheses.

7.00 Faculty and Staff

A complete list of faculty and staff can be found on the following chemistry and biochemistry website:

https://sc.edu/study/colleges_schools/chemistry_and_biochemistry/our_people/directory/index.php

Building abbreviation list:

GSRC - John M. Palms Center for Graduate Science Research

JONES (PSC old designation) - Jones Physical Science Center

SMWALT Sumwalt College -

HZNI - Horizon I

STB - Science and Technology Building

8.00 Chemistry Buildings - Information

Please go to the departmental web page for room and facilities. The Chemistry and Biochemistry office is located in GSRC 113. GSRC has offices, research laboratories and research support facilities. Jones (PSC) has some chemistry and biochemistry offices, research laboratories, classrooms and research support facilities. STB has teaching classrooms and laboratories. Sumwalt has some chemistry and biochemistry offices, teaching and research laboratories, classrooms and research support facilities. Horizon I has faculty research offices and research laboratories.

9.00 Faculty Research Areas and Interviews

9.01 The choice of a research director and project is the most important decision of your graduate program. Because this decision must be made rather early in your graduate studies (Section 4.06) we have formalized some aspects of the interviewing and selection process. To be eligible to select a research director on or after the COMMITMENT DATE (November 4, Fall entry; March 1st, January entry), you must have attended the Faculty Research Seminars (or equivalent process) and interviewed **at least** three faculty members in the major in which you wish to do research (analytical, biochemistry, inorganic, organic, and physical) by November 4 (March 1st, January entry). [The initialed interview sheet (9.03) turned into the graduate office validates completion of the introductory interviews.] You can change your area of interest, and you can interview additional faculty. The research interest areas of all the faculty are defined in section 11.00 below. You are not restricted to considering one area of interest and several of the faculty have research programs that cover more than one area. You are encouraged to explore all possibilities before you solidify your choice of general research area and a specific research director. Space and resource limitations could restrict openings in a research group so a second choice can be submitted on Form 9.04. This second choice is only to start discussions should the first choice fail. On or after the commitment date you can submit Handbook Form 9.04 to the Director of Graduate Studies (i.e. the Graduate Office) to indicate your choice of research advisor(s). Assuming no complications, notification of selection into a research group will be within a week. Students with significant prior graduate experience (e.g. M.S. degree) can request exemptions from the official commitment date.

To facilitate the interviewing process, the faculty interview sheet (9.03) should be taken with you to each of your faculty interviews so that the appropriate faculty can initial and date the form in section 9.03. To approve your choice of research director, the completed interview form (9.03) will have to be presented to the Director of Graduate Studies. The Director of Graduate Studies will ascertain that this decision is a mutual commitment and that all appropriate faculty have participated in the interviewing process. The Director of Graduate Studies, having confirmed the research director's commitment to you, will place the handbook form in your departmental file and notify the faculty of your choice.

9.02 As a student who has not yet selected a research director, you should begin interviewing faculty members after faculty research presentations and select a research director by November 30th. Following faculty research presentations, each graduate student must interview **at least** three faculty members in their major. Students are encouraged to interview more faculty and are not restricted to a single area. Students also have the opportunity to participate in three laboratory rotations. Choice of an advisor from outside the department is not permitted.

The list of faculty who must be interviewed (chosen area) and who might be interviewed (other faculty to consider) in each area is as follows:

Analytical

Chosen area: Hosseini, Myrick, Richardson, Shams, Shaw, Simoska, Walters.

Other faculty to consider: Students in analytical may want to talk with D. Chen, Lavigne, K. Leung, K. Shimizu, Stefik, Vogt, H. Wang,

Biochemistry

Chosen area: Johnson, Lavigne, K. Leung, Qun Lu, C. Outten, W. Outten, Truex, Q. Wang.

Other faculty to consider: Students in biochemistry may want to talk with J. Chen, L. Shimizu, Simoska, Tang, H. Wang.

Inorganic

Chosen area: Lee, Peryshkov, Shustova, Vannucci, Vogt, zur Loye.

Other faculty to consider: Students in inorganic may want to talk with D. Chen, Greytak, C. Outten, W. Outten, L. Shimizu, Stefik, Wiskur.

Organic

Chosen area: J. Chen, Lavigne, K. Shimizu, L. Shimizu, Stefik, Tang, Q. Wang, Wiskur.

Other faculty to consider: Students in organic may want to talk with T. Ge, Hosseini, Lee, Peryshkov, Shustova, Truex, Vannucci.

Physical

Chosen area: D. Chen, Garashchuk, Ting Ge, Greytak, Myrick, Rassolov, H. Wang, Vogt.

Other faculty to consider: Students in physical may want to talk with Hosseini, K. Shimizu, Simoska, Stefik, Walters, zur Loye

9.03 INTERVIEW FORM

(A) Graduate Student Name: _____

Area(s) of Interest: _____

(B) Faculty

	Date of Interview	Initials
D. Chen		
J. Chen		
S.V. Garashchuk		
T. Ge		
A.B. Greytak		
A. Hosseini		
C. Johnson		
J.J. Lavigne		
H. B. Lee		
K. Leung		
Q. Lu		
M.L. Myrick		
C.E. Outten		
F.W. Outten		
D. Peryshkov		
V. Rassolov		
S.D. Richardson		
T.J. Shaw		
K.D. Shimizu		
L.S. Shimizu		
N.B. Shustova		
O. Simoska		
M. Stefik		
S. Suchana		
C. Tang		
N. Truex		
A.K. Vannucci		
T. Vogt		
W. Walters		
H. Wang		
Q. Wang		
S. Wiskur		
H.-C. zur Loye		

9.04 Research Advisor Selection

If the graduate office has a valid copy of the interview form turned in on or before November 4 (March 1st, January entry), your choice of a research advisor or advisors can be submitted to the graduate office from November 4 to November 30 (March 1st - May 1st, January entry). (If any deadlines fall on a weekend or holiday, the deadline defaults to the next business day.) Early selection requires approval from the Petitions Committee.

(A) Graduate Student Name: _____

Area(s) of Interest: _____

(B) My Choice of Research Advisor is: _____

My second choice of Research Advisor is: _____

9.05 Form for the RESEARCH PLAN and ORAL COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION.

This examination is required of all graduate students (section 4.10). The form on the next page should be printed and used as the PLAN title page.

Research Plan and Oral Comprehensive Exam

Name: _____

Title: _____

Submission date: _____

Advisor's signature (for submission): _____ (acknowledges advisor(s) has seen the Plan)

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

SIGNATURES (AFTER DEFENSE)

Area/Chairperson: _____

Area member: _____

Dept outside of area member: _____

Outside of department member: _____

(Dept.) _____

Co-Advisor/other*: _____

The PLAN and ORAL COMPREHENSIVE EXAM was given on _____ (date)

OUTCOME / Committee Decisions

A. Ph.D. level specific understanding of the background, goals and plan of the research. _____ Pass _____ Fail

B. Ph.D level research progress in the lab to date. _____ Pass _____ Fail

C. Ph.D level general knowledge of the particular research field. _____ Pass _____ Fail

Ph.D. **SUMMARY:** _____ Full Pass (Three Passes) _____ Partial Pass (Two Passes) _____ Switch to MS Track (<Two Passes)

MS **SUMMARY:** _____ Pass at the MS level _____ Terminate graduate studies

If Partial Pass (PhD level), the failed component will be re-defended in semester four and the proposal postponed to semester five

If Full Pass (PhD level), Additional Decisions by the Committee

A. Proposal Timing: The Research Proposal should be defended in: _____ Semester Four _____ Semester Five

B. Proposal Scope (Elements Different from Research, see handbook): _____ Two of Three _____ One of Three

C. Research Advisor Involvement in developing the student's original idea for proposal: _____ Not at All _____ Minimal _____ Significant

Are there conditions? Yes ☐ No ☐ Please note conditions here & deadlines: _____

9.06 Form for the PROPOSAL and WRITTEN COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION and Advisor Letter of Research Progress for ADMISSION TO Ph.D. CANDIDACY.

This examination is required of all Ph.D. graduate students (section 4.11). This form should be printed and used as the PROPOSAL title page. Successful completion of this requirement together with a letter of research progress (bottom of form) from the research advisor is needed for admission to Ph.D. candidacy.

Research Proposal and Written Comprehensive Exam

Name: _____

Title: _____

Submission date: _____

Date of **Pre-Proposal** Meeting: _____

COMMITTEE MEMBERS (PRINT NAMES)

SIGNATURES (AFTER DEFENSE)

Area/Chairperson: _____

Area member: _____

Dept outside of area member: _____

Outside of department member: _____

(Dept.) _____

Co-Advisor/other*: _____

The PROPOSAL and WRITTEN COMPREHENSIVE EXAM was given on _____ (date)

A. Ph.D. level specific understanding of the background, goals and plan of proposed research. _____ Pass _____ Fail

B. Ph.D level general knowledge of the particular research field. _____ Pass _____ Fail

C. Ph.D level research progress in the lab to date. _____ Pass _____ Fail

Ph.D. SUMMARY: _____ Pass _____ Fail _____ Switch to MS Track

MS SUMMARY: _____ Pass the comprehensive exam for the MS _____ Terminate grad studies.

Are there conditions? Yes ☐ No ☐ Please note conditions here & deadlines: _____

Admission to Ph.D. Candidacy

If the vote of the committee is pass, this form may be used to provide the necessary recommendation from the Research Advisor to the Director of Graduate Studies regarding the student's progress in research towards the Ph.D. degree. Alternatively, this action can be done by a separate note from the advisor to the Director of Graduate Studies.

To: Director of Graduate Studies

From: Research Advisor of Above-Named Student

Subject: Admission to Ph.D. Candidacy

The above-named student is a member of my research group, is making adequate progress in research toward completion of the Ph.D. degree and therefore should be admitted to Ph.D. candidacy.

Advisor's signature: _____

9.07 M.S. Program of study

MS degree requirements:

Course work [normally 5 Ph.D. level courses] = 15 credits

Graded research [790 and 791] = 6 credits

Seminar, 701 divisional seminar = 1 credit

Research in Chemistry II [898, 6 required, more credits of 898 may be needed for total of 30 credit hours]*

MS qualifying exam [plan and oral comprehensive exam, passed at the M.S. or Ph.D. level]

Research, written up in Thesis [signed by the advisor(s) and a second reader]

*Credits beyond 30 hours (e.g. additional credits of 898 or 899) are not listed on the M.S. program of study. M.S. program of study listings are not usable on a Ph.D. program of study.

9.08 Form for completion of the M.S. program of study.

Please use the **G-TSF form** [Thesis Signature and Approval Form] This form is found at www.gradschool.sc.edu on the left of the page click on “Graduate Studies” then “Forms Library.”

9.09 Ph.D. Program of Study

A minimum of 60 credit hours (30 beyond the M.S. degree) of graduate study is required for the Ph.D. This form also documents Ph.D. degree residency. Ph.D. residency is registration as a full-time student in three successive semesters (academic year).

Ph.D. degree requirements:

Course work [normally 5 Ph.D. level courses] = 15 credits

Graded research [790 and 791] = 6 credits

Seminar, 701 divisional seminar = 2 credits

Research in Chemistry II [898, 12 credits required, more credits of 898 may be needed to obtain a total of 60 credit hours]*

Ph.D. Oral Comprehensive Exam [Research plan passed at the Ph.D. level]

Ph.D. Written Comprehensive Exam [Independent Research proposal passed at the Ph.D. level]

Ph.D. Dissertation Prep [899, 12 credits required, more credits of 899 may be needed to obtain a total of 60 credit hours]*

Research, written up in Dissertation [signed by the advisor(s) and doctoral committee]

Total = 60 credits. Taking additional or less course work requires advisor and graduate director approval.

*Credits beyond 60 hours (e.g. additional credits of 898 or 899) are not listed on the Ph.D. program of study.

9.10 Form for completion of the Ph.D. program of study.

Please use the [G-DSF form](#) [Dissertation Signature and Approval Form] This form is found at www.gradschool.sc.edu on the left of the page under “forms library.” Give this form to the graduate office, and we will submit this form to the graduate school after notification of Ph.D. candidacy has been received from the Graduate School.

9.11 [Dissertation and thesis submission](#) is now done exclusively on-line. Please go to www.gradschool.sc.edu and click on “Graduate Studies” then “Thesis and Dissertations” then “Submission Instructions”.

For Departmental Clearance:

A [Graduation Clearance Checklist](#) can be found on the [chemistry website](#), go to MyChem/Biochem on left bottom side of page, choose Current Students, click on Graduate Students, look under Current Student Forms.

An **exit interview** is required for final clearance. [The form for the interview](#) is on the chemistry graduate student website. If the Director of Graduate Studies is not available for the interview, please see a member of the Admissions or Recruiting Committee.

9.12 Form for Lab Rotation Choice

Lab Rotation Choices Fall 2025

Please submit these choices to Jennifer Merkel (Merkelj@mailbox.sc.edu or put into her mailbox), by 11:59 pm on Wednesday, August 20.

Name: _____

First Choice: _____

Second Choice: _____

Third Choice: _____

Fourth Choice: _____

Or

I do not wish to participate in a lab rotation. ☐

10.00 Course Descriptions (CHEM prefix unless otherwise noted)

GRAD 701 Graduate Training Seminar. In accordance with American Chemical Society certification, GRAD 701 provides training for graduate students according to the Society's guidelines. These guidelines include a rigorous observation of good safety practices, effective mentoring in modern molecular science, professional ethics and creativity in problem solving.

701 Seminar. (fall or spring, limit of 2) Required of all graduate students.

711 Physical-Inorganic Chemistry. The use and interpretation of modern physical measurements of particular application to inorganic chemistry, including X-ray, ESR, magnetic measurements, Mossbauer spectra, ligand field theory, and reaction mechanisms.

712 The Chemistry of Transition Elements. The main part of the course will cover transition metal organometallic chemistry. The emphasis will be on bonding and reactivity of organometallic complexes. Coordination chemistry as viewed by a synthetic chemist, will also be covered. Mechanistic aspects of organometallic reactions will be covered as will the use of modern NMR methods to solve problems in organometallic chemistry. Important reactions catalyzed by transition metal complexes will be presented in detail.

713 The Chemistry of the Representative Elements. The structure, bonding and chemistry of the inorganic compounds of main group elements.

719 Special Topics in Inorganic Chemistry. Selected subjects from the current literature. Recent example: *Bio-inorganic Chemistry*. The mechanisms and metal coordination structures of metalloenzymes. *Solid State Materials Chemistry*. The course will teach fundamental concepts of Solid State Chemistry and Materials Science. *Molecular Catalysts*. The course will study historically significant catalysts, electrocatalysis, and photocatalysis.

721 Electroanalytical Chemistry. Theory, application and interpretation of electroanalytical techniques including potentiometry and coulometry.

722 Spectrochemical Methods of Analysis. A comprehensive study of the theory, instrumentation, methodology, and analytical applications of modern atomic and quantitative molecular spectrometry.

723 Separation and Detection Methods in Analytical Chemistry. This course will cover the theory and applications of mass spectrometry, including understanding how different types of mass spectrometers operate, how to determine what kind of mass spectrometry analysis should be used for a particular application, how to interpret mass spectra for unknown chemical identification, and how to use mass spectrometry for quantitative analysis. Environmental chemistry, forensic chemistry, organic chemistry, inorganic chemistry, polymer chemistry, and biochemistry applications will be discussed.

724 Advanced Analytical Chemistry and Instrumentation. This course aims to provide a survey of modern analytical chemistry with an emphasis on fundamental principles that govern sensitivity, selectivity, and speed of analysis. The first portion of the course will examine the fundamentals of analog and digital electronics, signal/noise processing, and statistical approach to examine signals. In the second part of the course, the basics of instrumentation principles regarding electroanalytical chemistry, chemical separations, mass spectrometry, and optical spectroscopy will be discussed. Students will be evaluated based on midterm and final examinations, homework, quizzes, and a group project. The course is designed for graduate students who majored in chemistry and biochemistry and have an adequate background and firm grasp of analytical and physical chemistry concepts.

729 Special Topics in Analytical Chemistry: Intro to Environmental Chemistry. Study of the chemical reactions and processes that affect the fate and transport of organic chemicals in the environment.

729 Special Topics in Analytical Chemistry. Atmospheric Chemistry. This is an advanced interdisciplinary course that delves into the fundamental principles and processes governing the chemistry of Earth's atmosphere. This course

provides students with a comprehensive understanding of the emissions, chemical interactions, and transformations that occur in the atmosphere, shaping the composition and behavior of this vital layer surrounding our planet. This course will cover topics including atmospheric composition, gas-phase chemical reactions, stratospheric and tropospheric chemistry, aerosols and cloud chemistry, and global climate change. This course is designed for students with a strong general chemistry, organic chemistry, and environmental sciences background.

731 Introduction to Polymer Chemistry. A broad survey of the organic and kinetic aspects of polymerization, measurement of molecular weight and distribution, other characterization methods, chemical and physical properties and uses of polymers, and solution properties.

733 Physical Chemistry of Polymers. This course covers important concepts for understanding the structures and physical properties of polymers in various systems, such as solution, blend, melt, rubber, gel, and thermoplastic. The content of the course complements polymer chemistry from the perspective of polymer physics and chemical engineering. The conceptual tools of a polymer physical chemist or a chemical engineer will help students follow a research paper or presentation in the field.

735 Structural Organic Chemistry. Basic concepts of structure, bonding, stereochemistry, and reaction mechanisms as applied to organic compounds and synthetic transformations.

736 Mechanistic and Synthetic Organic Chemistry. The development and application of chemical reactions for the synthesis of organic compounds.

739 Special Topics in Organic Chemistry. Selected subjects from the current literature. Recent example: *Advances in Polymer Chemistry*. This course will expose students to many aspects of the most interesting fields in polymer science, including living polymerization and controlled/living radical polymerization; polymer thermodynamics and Flory-Huggins theory; phase separation in bulk; self-assembly in thin films and solutions; many more additional topics.

742 Surface Science. The principles of surface processes – structure and electronic properties, adsorption and reactions, surface characterization using spectroscopy and microscopy.

743 Quantum Chemistry. The course is focused on the application of electronic structure methods to solve chemistry problems. Students will get familiar with modern electronic structure programs such as Spartan and Q-CHEM, and understand theoretical concepts on which the programs are based. Learning about the limitations and possibilities of the computational methods is a major goal of this course.

744 Statistical Mechanics. Calculations of the thermodynamic properties of chemical systems from molecular properties. Theory and applications.

745 Introductory Crystallography. Point groups, matrix representation and derivation of space groups, general and special positions, structure analysis, Patterson and electron density functions, refinement techniques.

747 Spectroscopy and Molecular Structure. Study of the rotational, vibrational, and electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules for the elucidation of molecular structures.

749 Special Topics in Physical Chemistry. Selected subjects from the current literature. Recent example: *Advanced Computational Chemistry*. This course is designed to familiarize students with theory and use of modern electronic structure codes, as well as to develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills and to improve computer literacy

751 Biosynthesis of Macromolecules. . A detailed consideration of the enzymological basis for the synthesis of DNA, RNA, and protein including mechanisms for the regulation of these processes. Focus will be on eukaryotic mechanisms though prokaryotic systems will be covered as necessary for background.

752 Regulation and Integration of Metabolism. Regulation of carbohydrate, lipid, amino acid and nucleic acid metabolism at the substrate, enzyme, organelle, cell, organ and body level and of enzyme activities and levels by metabolites and hormones.

753 Enzymology and Protein Chemistry. An analysis of the isolation, composition, structure, and function of enzymes emphasizing their kinetic, mechanistic, and regulatory features. Protein chemistry: amino acid and protein sequence analysis; chemical modification methodologies; analysis of higher order structures of proteins.

759 Special Topics in Biological Chemistry. Selected subjects from the current literature. Recent example: *Protein Crystallography*. An overview of different experimental and computational techniques used in protein crystallography.

790 Introduction to Research. A laboratory and introduction to modern research techniques. Six hours of laboratory per week and individual consultation with instructor. (third semester)

791 Introduction to Research. A continuation of Chemistry 790. Six hours of laboratory per week and individual consultation with instructor. (fourth semester)

898 Research in Chemistry II. Directed laboratory research and readings in chemistry.

899 Dissertation Preparation. Credits 1-12

The following specialized undergraduate courses are available for audits or M.S. degree credit only.

511 Advanced Inorganic Chemistry. The structure, bonding and reactivity of main group and transition metal inorganic molecules.

533 Intermediate Organic Chemistry. Mechanistic viewpoints with emphasis upon the chemistry of reactive intermediates.

550 Molecular Biochemistry. The chemistry and metabolism of biological compounds, biochemical thermodynamics, enzyme mechanisms and kinetics, nucleic acid biochemistry.

555/556 Biochemistry/Molecular Biology I and II. Essentials of modern biochemistry and molecular biology.

621 Advanced Analytical Chemistry. Acid-base behavior, complex formation, separations, data treatment, instrumental methods.

633 Synthesis of Polymeric Materials: Definitions, characterization, and applications of polymers in organic chemistry.

643 Advanced Physical Chemistry. Quantum chemistry, electronic structure, thermodynamics, statistical mechanics, the kinetic theory of gases.

11.00 Faculty Research Interests

DONNA A. CHEN – Physical chemistry. Reactions at surfaces, scanning probe microscopy, chemical analysis and characterization of surfaces, chemistry of metal nanoparticles.

JUNFENG CHEN – Polymer chemistry. Organic/polymer synthesis; biomimetic precise polymer; polymer nanomaterials; high throughput polymer preparation, purification, and characterization

SONYA V. GARASHCHUK – Theoretical and computational chemistry; quantum dynamics methods, nuclear quantum effects on reactivity and properties of molecular systems; modeling of advanced materials

TING GE - Physical Chemistry, Polymer Physics, Molecular Simulations of Polymer and Soft Matter, Scaling Theory, Polymer Mechanics, Polymer Rheology, Polymer Nanocomposite

ANDREW B. GREYTAK – Physical chemistry. Physical and materials chemistry at the liquid-solid interfaces of semiconductors. Energy conversion, energy storage, bioimaging, properties of semiconductor nanostructures (colloidal nanocrystals, catalytically synthesized nanowires, and heterostructures) modified by controlling chemistry at their surfaces.

SEYYEDAMIRHOSSEIN (AMIR) HOSSEINI – Analytical chemistry. Electrosynthesis of small molecules; Developing new scanning-probe electrochemical microscopy methods for analysis of heterogeneous electrochemical reactions such as corrosion, charge storage, and small molecule activation; electrochemical detection and remediation of environmental pollutants.

CHRISTIAN JOHNSON – Structural Biology and Biochemistry: Protein chemistry, X-ray crystallography, structural enzymology, molecular dynamics simulations, molecular modeling, mammalian cell culture, genetically engineered mouse models.

JOHN J. LAVIGNE – Organic, supramolecular chemistry. Molecular recognition, supramolecular chemistry, sensors, materials, bio-organic, physical organic.

HEUI BEOM LEE – Inorganic chemistry. Synthesis and reactivity of mono- and multi-nuclear transition metal complexes; investigation of structural, redox, and electronic properties; small molecule activation.

KAHO LEUNG - Chemical Biology and Biochemistry. Subcellular imaging; organelle chemotype fingerprinting; ion physiology; immunity and diseases. Students perform quantitative imaging, bioconjugation, and cell pathway analysis to investigate mechanisms driving inflammation and disease at the cellular level.

QUN LU – Chemical Biology and Biochemistry, Computational Biology and Neurotherapeutics, Cell signaling focusing on small G-protein in human diseases. Learning skillsets include Schrödinger-based *in silico* simulation, surface plasmon resonance applications, cell-based assay, microscopical imaging analysis at high and super-resolution.

MICKY L. MYRICK – Physical and analytical chemistry. Spectroscopy (IR, Raman, Fluorescence, UV-Vis), instrumentation and data analysis applied to biological oceanography and forensic science.

CARYN E. OUTTEN – Biochemistry. Cellular and molecular mechanisms of redox homeostasis; mitochondrial and cytosolic anti-oxidant defense systems; intracellular sulfur chemistry; molecular genetic and biochemical studies of oxidative stress resistance in yeast.

F. WAYNE OUTTEN – Biochemistry. Microbial metal metabolism, bio-inorganic chemistry, microbial physiology, and microbial genetics; biochemical mechanisms of Fe-S cluster assembly; characterization of transition metal acquisition, trafficking, and storage systems during environmental stress; metal homeostasis during biofilm formation in micro-organisms.

DMITRY PERYSHKOV – Inorganic chemistry. Synthesis of molecular catalysts for activation of important substrates such as dihydrogen, carbon dioxide, alkenes, etc.

VITALY A. RASSOLOV – Theoretical and physical Chemistry. Quantum chemistry, hyperfine interactions, use of linear operators to describe electron correlation effects in molecules.

SUSAN D. RICHARDSON – Analytical/Environmental chemistry. Development of new mass spectrometry methods for trace environmental contaminants and the discovery of new contaminants; formation of drinking water and wastewater disinfection by-products (DBPs); fate of chemicals in water treatment; linking chemistry and toxicology.

TIM J. SHAW – Environmental/analytical chemistry. Trace element geochemistry, environmental analytical chemistry. Techniques development for trace elements of both anthropogenic and natural origin in the environment. Geochemical cycling of trace elements in the environment.

KEN D. SHIMIZU – Organic chemistry. Organic, polymer, materials, supramolecular, and physical organic chemistries.

LINDA S. SHIMIZU – Organic chemistry. Organic, supramolecular, materials, physical organic, polymer, and biochemistry.

NATALIA B. SHUSTOVA – Inorganic material chemistry. Metal-organic and organic materials for applications in energy conversion, heterogeneous catalysis, nuclear waste reprocessing, sensing, and bioengineering.

OLJA SIMOSKA – Analytical chemistry. Direct electrochemical monitoring of antibiotic resistance of pathogenic bacteria; development of electrochemical sensors for the detection of stress-related biomarkers; investigation of extracellular electron transfer mechanisms of gut-based bacteria; linking chemistry, biology, and human health.

MORGAN STEFIK – Polymer and materials chemistry. Functional nanostructures, energy devices, block copolymers, self-assembly, nanoparticles, atomic layer deposition, (photo)electrochemistry.

SHAMS SUCHANA - Analytical/Environmental chemistry. Development of novel mass spectrometry and spectroscopy techniques for environmental micro/nanoplastics; fate of micro/nanoplastics and plastic-associated chemicals in natural and built systems; tracking *in situ* transformation of contaminants using compound specific stable isotope analysis.

CHUANBING TANG – Organic chemistry. Organic, polymer, materials, nanoscience, and nanotechnology. Multifunctional polymeric materials and macromolecular self assembly.

NICK TRUEX – Immunology. Biochemistry. Flow Peptide Synthesis. Organic and Physical Organic Chemistry. Protein Engineering. Mass Spectrometry. Structural Biology. Library screening using yeast display. Developing molecular tools for controlling immune pathways in disease and therapeutic settings.

AARON VANNUCCI – Inorganic chemistry. Electrocatalysis, inorganic chemistry, organometallics, small molecule transformation.

TOM VOGT – Inorganic chemistry. Crystallography; general structural chemistry; chemical synthesis of functional metal oxides; bimetallic nanoparticles as well as x-rays and neutrons diffraction techniques and instrumentation (i.e. high pressure diffraction, structures of disordered materials in particular nanomaterials).

WENDELL WALTERS – Analytical/Environmental chemistry. Atmospheric chemistry; chemistry/climate interactions; aerosols; trace gases; greenhouse gases; urban air quality; stable isotope biogeochemistry; isotope fractionations; paleoclimatology; global nitrogen, sulfur, and carbon cycling; atmospheric chemistry modeling.

HUI WANG – Physical chemistry. Biophysical chemistry; Single-molecule spectroscopies and microscopies; Single molecule manipulation; Nanostructure fabrication; Nanoscale self-assembly; Nanophotonics; Single particle spectroscopies; Plasmon-enhanced spectroscopies.

QIAN WANG – Organic chemistry. Organic synthesis; bioconjugation chemistry; biomaterials chemistry, and developing new bioanalytical methods for proteomics and metabolomics applications.

SHERYL L. WISKUR – Organic Chemistry. Synthetic methodology, organocatalysis, mechanistic studies, intermolecular interaction studies, physical organic, sensors.

HANS-CONRAD ZUR LOYE Inorganic materials chemistry. Synthesis of novel solid-state materials; crystal growth of oxides, fluorides and chalcogenides; investigation of optical and magnetic properties; investigation of actinide containing materials.

12.00 Summary of the Ph.D. Degree Program

- Orientation: Safety, OSHA and Chemical Hygiene training; Degree regulations; Teaching (recitation and laboratory) instruction, Advisement, Registration, ACS Qualifying or Placement exams.
- **Year 1:** Five "700 (Ph.D.) level courses", 3 in the area of research interest -- 2 outside the area (Option: 4 and 1); Attend faculty research seminars, lab rotations, interview faculty and choose research advisor; Start research; GPA of at least 3.0; Select Ph.D. Committee; Qualify/show advanced knowledge in 2 areas (paths to qualification: Pass ACS area tests or get a B or better in designated graduate core courses); First divisional literature seminar (1st or 2nd year).
- **Years 2 & 3:** Research; Research Plan and Oral Comprehensive exam (Fall) - Summary of the dissertation research plan and progress to date; Research Proposal and Written Comprehensive exam (Spring of Year 2 or Fall of Year 3) - Original research idea; First divisional literature seminar (1st or 2nd year); Second divisional literature seminar (2nd or 3rd year); Admission to Ph.D. candidacy (after completion of the above in combination with a letter of research progress from the research advisor).
- **Years 4 & 5:** Complete research; Write, present (dissertation seminar) and defend Dissertation; Graduation; Exit Interview.

Chemistry & Biochemistry Graduate Curriculum Map (revised March 17, 2025)

Credits needed for graduation: PhD: 60 credits (30 credits if already have an MS); MS: 30 credits

This is a guideline; actual registration should be decided by advisor and student. Note: To finish in less than four years, this schedule must be accelerated.

Start Term: Fall (If starting in the Spring, use 1st Semester as your starting point)

Year 1

FALL Courses		SPRING Courses		SUMMER Courses		Requirements
Semester 1	Credits	Semester 2	Credits	Summer Semester I	Credits	- Join a research group by the end of 1st semester - Achieve a DGPR of 3.0 by end of 2nd Semester - Qualify in two areas by the end of 2nd Semester - Attendance of required faculty research seminars - Submit Committee Appointment Request form to Graduate School by the end of May (G-DCA) (December for January entry) - CHEM 701 should be taken either Semester 2, 3, or 4. When CHEM 701 is listed, but you are not taking CHEM 701, take the higher number of CHEM 898 credits suggested.
CHEM 7##	3	CHEM 7##	3	CHEM 898	3	
CHEM 7##	3	CHEM 7##	3			
CHEM 7##	3	CHEM 701	1 or 0			
GRAD 701	0				Total 3	
	Total 9		Total 6 or 7	Cumulative Credits after Year 1	18 or 19	

Year 2

FALL Courses		SPRING Courses		SUMMER Courses		Requirements
Semester 3	Credits	Semester 4	Credits	Summer Semester II	Credits	- Semester 3 – successfully defend Research Plan - Semester 4 or 5 - successfully defend Research Proposal - First seminar (CHEM 701) needs to be completed before the end of Semester 4 - Doctoral Program of Study (DPOS) should be filled out after passing the Plan and Proposal plus recommendation of advisor on research progress (end of Semester 4 or 5) - MS degree is the same through semester 4, except the Research Proposal is not needed. Students take CHEM 898s until done (need 6 credits for MS). Terminal MS candidates can apply for Z-status when nearing 30 credits. MS requires a thesis with two readers.
CHEM 790	3	CHEM 791	3	CHEM 898	3	
CHEM 898	2 or 3	CHEM 898	2 or 3			
CHEM 701*	0 or 1	CHEM 701*	0 or 1			
*Only register for CHEM 701 if you are giving your 1 st seminar here		*Only register for CHEM 701 if you are giving your 1 st seminar here			Total 3	
	Total 6		Total 6	Cumulative Credits after Year 2	33 or 34	

Year 3

FALL Courses		SPRING Courses		SUMMER Courses		Requirements
Semester 5	Credits	Semester 6	Credits	Summer Semester III	Credits	- Semester 4 or 5 - successfully defend Research Proposal - Doctoral Program of Study (DPOS) should be filled out after passing the Plan and Proposal plus recommendation of advisor on research progress (end of Semester 4 or 5) - Second seminar (CHEM 701) needs to be completed in Semester 5 or 6. When CHEM 701 is listed, but you are not taking CHEM 701, take the higher number of CHEM 898 credits suggested.
CHEM 898	5 or 6	CHEM 898	5 or 6	CHEM 898	3	
CHEM 701*	0 or 1	CHEM 701*	0 or 1			
*Take CHEM 701 here if giving seminar 2 here		*If you took CHEM 701 Semester 5, then don't take here			Total 3	
	Total 6		Total 6	Cumulative Credits after Year 3	48 or 49	

Year 4

FALL Courses		SPRING Courses		SUMMER Courses		Requirements
Semester 7	Credits	Semester 8	Credits	Summer Semester IV	Credits	- Students need 12 credits of CHEM 899 to graduate with a PhD. Make sure you switch over Fall of year 4 (Semester 7) - Z status can be applied for after 54 credits (End of Semester 7). Students should be on Z status from this point until graduation. - Dissertation defense
CHEM 899	6	CHEM 899	5 or 6	CHEM 899	1	
	Total 6		Total varies	Cumulative Credits after Year 4	60	

If registering beyond 4 years, continue on Z-status registering for 1 credit of CHEM 899 per semester until done.

Faculty Research Presentations 2025

NOTE: *There are several different start times depending on the day. Please check times daily.*

Tues, Aug 12 (1:30)	1:30-1:45pm	1:45-1:55 pm	1:55-2:05 pm	2:05-2:15 pm	2:15-2:25 pm	2:25-2:35 pm
1:30-2:35 pm	Wiskur Intro	K. Shimizu	C. Tang	L. Shimizu	W. Outten	C. Outten
Tues, Aug 12	4:00-4:10 pm	4:10-4:20 pm	4:20-4:30 pm	4:30-4:40 pm	4:40-4:50 pm	4:50-5:00 pm
4:00-5:00 pm	Hosseini	Myrick	Walters	Shustova	S. Suchana	T. Ge
Wed, Aug 13	10:30-10:40 am	10:40-10:50 am	10:50-11:00 am	11:00-11:10 am	11:10-11:20 am	11:20-11:30 am
10:30-11:30 am	Wiskur	Vannucci	Zur Loye	Simoska	Stefik	Johnson
Wed, Aug 13	1:00-1:10 pm	1:10 -1:20 pm	1:20 -1:30 pm	1:30-1:40 pm	1:40-1:50 pm	1:50-2:10 pm
1-2:10 pm	H. Wang	Peryshkov	D. Chen	H. B. Lee	K. H. Leung	Truex
Thur, Aug 14	10:30-10:50 am	10:50-11:10 am	11:10-11:30 am			
10:30-11:30 am	J. Lavigne	Greytak	Q. Wang			
Fri, Aug 15	No Presentations					
Mon, Aug 18	10:30-10:40 am	10:40-10:50 am	10:50-11:10 am	11:10-11:30		
10:30-11:30 am	Garashchuk	Rassolov	Q. Lu	Richardson		
Mon, Aug 18	1:00-1:20 pm	1:20-1:30 pm	1:30-1:40 pm	1:40 -1:50 pm		
1-2:10 pm						
Tues, Aug 19	4:25 – 4:45 pm	4:45 – 5:05 pm	5:05– 5:15 pm			
4:25-5:25 pm	Faculty Make Up					

Presentations in GSRC 101

Attendance is mandatory to partially fulfill GRAD 701 requirements.

July 24, 2025